



Landmarks Preservation Commission

Planning and Development Services Department

October 25, 2023

Chris Karnes, Chair
Tacoma Planning Commission

Dear Chair Karnes and Members of the Planning Commission:

On behalf of the Landmarks Preservation Commission, I am transmitting this letter in response to the request for feedback and recommendations regarding the proposed moratorium on local historic districts as directed by Council Resolution 41226. The Landmarks Commission has reviewed the public testimony as well as the questions posed by the Planning Commission and used both to guide our response, which we would request be sent as an attachment to the Planning Commission's recommendation when transmitted to Council.

As the City's subject matter expert on historic preservation, it is essential to first state our opposition to the proposed moratorium, as we believe it is not necessary. While the Commission appreciates the support of City Council, it is our position that a moratorium is not warranted given the relative infrequency of historic district nominations, and believe that any benefit is likely outweighed by potential negative consequences both practically and by perception. The Landmarks Commission also notes that a strong majority of respondents to the Public Hearing on September 20 were opposed to the proposal.

Both the Landmarks Commission and the Planning Commission have previously identified the need for improvements to the policy and code framework that governs the City's historic preservation program. Nonetheless, we believe that the Landmarks Commission currently possesses the tools to review and make recommendations for discretionary applications such as historic nominations. Our comments are limited to the merits of a proposed moratorium, and are not intended to speak to future code updates or the merits of any specific proposals.

The specific questions posed by the Planning Commission and our answers are incorporated into this letter below.

Topic: Necessity of a moratorium

1. Are there pending or anticipated historic district nominations within the potential period of a moratorium?

The Commission agrees generally with the observations from many commentors that community driven historic district nominations require extensive time and resources, often done by volunteers. This work involves not only research and documentation but also extensive outreach to generate support. Because of these factors, historic district nominations are relatively infrequent, and the Landmarks Commission is not aware of any current efforts aside from the recent College Park nomination that are currently in development.

Because of the lead time in creating local historic district nominations, Commission is concerned that a moratorium could result in a "chilling effect" that would have a "knock-on" effect that could negatively impact district creation for some time following the end of a moratorium, if one were to be adopted. For example, if a community group decided to begin the process of researching a

nomination at this time, the Commission typically would not expect to see any formal submittal for a year or more. A moratorium could be interpreted by residents to mean that historic district proposals are not viable, and thus discourage any future efforts even long after the moratorium is concluded.

2. Does the Landmarks Commission believe that a moratorium would assist the Commission during the upcoming comprehensive plan review?

The Commission believes that because historic district nominations are infrequent, there is unlikely to be a review of any new historic district proposals within the timeframe leading up to the Comprehensive Plan amendment process in 2024. If such a proposal is received, the Commission believes it possesses the capacity to review and make a recommendation in addition to its present workload.

3. If there was not a moratorium and a new nomination was submitted, does the Landmarks Commission believe that it could review the nomination at the same time it is working on improving the code and comprehensive plan policies, particularly regarding improving equitable outcomes?

The Commission appreciates concerns with its workload and capacity. However, due to the infrequency of historic district nominations, the Commission finds this scenario to be unlikely. The Commission believes that it has the capacity to review incoming nominations concurrently with its planned policy and code review.

4. If there was a new district nomination submitted now, does the Landmarks Commission believe that it currently has appropriate guidelines and criteria that would enable it to make a recommendation, and is there adequate guidance for establishing appropriate design guidelines for new development and redevelopment?

The Commission believes that while the current code framework needs improvement, this does not render the existing process and code non-functional. Consequently, the Commission believes that it currently possesses adequate tools to review and make recommendations for historic district nominations.

Topic: Potential negative effects of a moratorium

1. Will a moratorium prevent historic tax incentives from being available for historic projects?

The establishment of a moratorium will not affect local tax incentives for existing local districts or Federal tax credits, as applicable for current and future National Register Historic Districts.

However, for future proposed local residential districts there may be a delayed effect from a moratorium that slows or discourages development of new local historic districts, for the reasons stated previously. This is particularly concerning for future neighborhood efforts in underserved areas of the city, as it could diminish the viability of the local historic district as an enhancement tool for future neighborhood planning.

In addition, while individual listing on the historic register is always an option for property owners, many older “character” buildings in Tacoma may not meet historic significance criteria individually. However, as a collective group of period buildings, they could still be considered an important contributor to a district. Put succinctly, in historic districts the sum is often greater than the parts.

2. Are there other negative effects on historic resources that would result from a temporary moratorium on historic district creation?

The Commission is concerned that a moratorium could be interpreted as a signal that the City does not support or places a low priority on local historic districts at a policy level, which could make the management of existing districts, particularly in terms of permit compliance, problematic.

Topic: Duration and scope of a moratorium

1. Is the current scope (all locally designated historic and conservation districts) appropriate, or should it be limited or defined (for example, a comment noted that there may be interest in expanding existing districts near University of Washington Tacoma)?

If a moratorium were to be adopted, the Commission recommends that expansion or alteration of boundaries of existing districts be excluded from the scope of the moratorium. However, the Commission does not support distinguishing different types of districts, such as “residential” versus “commercial” areas, as this suggests that one type is more important to the City than the other.

2. If a moratorium were recommended, does the Landmarks Commission have input on duration? For example, should the end of the moratorium coincide with the adoption of revised Municipal Code and Comprehensive Plan policies in 2024, or are there other considerations?

Although the Landmarks Commission does not support the proposed moratorium, if one is adopted, the Commission believes that it is critical to align it with the planned Comprehensive Plan amendment cycle, which to our understanding would conclude in late 2024. A six-month moratorium likely would not benefit the City in any way, and would likely create additional confusion and complexity if it terminates in the midst of policy amendment discussions.

In addition to the above comments, the Commission also believes that a moratorium will not improve equitable outcomes. While the planned amendments to the current policy and code framework will assist the Commissions in addressing issues of diversity, equity and inclusion in the nomination review process, such amendments *per se* will not resolve systemic and long-term issues, which will require ongoing effort beyond amending the code or comprehensive plan. Working towards improved outcomes is critical, but this is not a basis for adopting this moratorium.

Lastly, as a land use tool, the Commission believes that moratoria are generally more appropriate to address emergent issues with “by-right” development; that is, proposals that a City must approve by code even if known to be contrary to public welfare or policy. In this context, a moratorium can be appropriately used to pause permit review while the problematic regulations are addressed. For historic nominations, the review is discretionary, and both the Landmarks and Planning Commissions, and City Council, currently possess the authority to deny such applications without a moratorium.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide our input and recommendations in this process.

Sincerely,



Kevin Bartoy, Chair